



ALEXANDRIA.

TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 30.

The Washington Chronicle republishes from the Cincinnati Gazette, what purports to be the testimony given by a "Mr. —" of the city of Philadelphia, before the Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives, sitting on the impeachment investigation. — Who "Mr. —" is we do not know. He represents himself as very intimate with President Johnson, as being on his staff in Tennessee, for a time, in 1864; and the published testimony relates some discreditable matters of a private nature—including an interview with President J. on the evening of his famous inauguration speech—a speech, with its accompaniments which he surely must regret more than any other man in America. Of course, this witness states what he has to say, without cross questioning, or other means of sifting his assertions. If it were all true, the feeling must be, with every right thinking mind, what Napoleon once said, in coarse terms—"Why wash your dirty linen in the face of Europe?" Nothing that the witness said, however scandalous, even if true, could affect the matter of an "Impeachment."

P. S. Since the above was in type—and we let it stand because it expresses our views, on the publication by the Chronicle and all similar publications—we find it stated in the National Intelligencer that the affidavit before the Judiciary Committee, "is a fraud—no such testimony was adduced"—and with respect to the affidavit itself, the Washington Express "unites it to the counter as a fabrication throughout, by showing from the books of the Metropolitan Hotel, and otherwise, that it is impossible to be true."

Thursday next is the day fixed for the meeting of the Radical Coalition Convention in Richmond. In reference to the response made by the people of Virginia to the call for "co-operation" with this Convention and its leaders, the Petersburg Index says that to only some ten or twelve counties have meetings been held. Two of them, Chesterfield and Fluvanna, voted down the proposition to send delegates. In Albemarle, whose people took the initiative, a subsequent assembly, strong in numbers and respectability denounced the previous gathering as not representative of the wishes and views of the country people as a mass; and from Buckingham, Cumberland, Amelia, and Pittsylvania we have undoubted reliable advices to the effect that large numbers of the citizens are opposed to the action taken by these sparse meetings.

We have accounts in the newspapers of the detection of a foul conspiracy, headed by one Spaulding, to appear at the Surratt trial, and swear away the life of the prisoner by falsely testifying that they conveyed him from Washington after the assassination of President Lincoln, &c. It seems that after an examination before the counsel for the government, their falsity and readiness to commit perjury were demonstrated, and they were dismissed. But is "dismissal" all that is to be done, in such a case? Are no further steps to be taken to make these wretches an example for all future times? Are would-be perjurers and murderers to go "unwhipped of justice"? Are we have second editions of Titus Oates and his associates.

There would be two hundred and forty two members of the House of Representatives if all the members from all the States were present. Of these only one hundred members voted to pass the Reconstruction bill, over the veto. As a two-thirds vote, or one hundred and sixty-six members, are required to reject a veto, the state of legislation and congressional action becomes evident. No wonder so many of the public journals and people of the country call the present the "Rump Congress." What with exclusions, and rejections, and refusals to admit, the representation is being gradually curtailed, just as was the case in the worst days of the English commonwealth, and during the Jacobin ascendancy in the National Convention in France.

The Richmond Whig says: "Will Virginians refuse to assist in Virginia's restoration? Certainly they will not. In any way, shape, manner or form," they will assist. But this is another and a very different thing, from what the Whig appears to be driving at. Will Virginians refuse to assist in building up, establishing, and making more powerful than ever, the Radical party, by co-operating with the leaders? Certainly they will. Reconstruct the State, and strengthening the Radical party, are two dissimilar objects.

The New York Herald has come to a halt in its advocacy of the wild work of the destructive element in the land. It comments upon the evident attempt making in the South to Africanize the country, and sees in it danger everywhere. But what then? This is the Herald one day. To-morrow it may exult and rejoice over what to-day it professes to condemn—and may hail the Africanization as an act of justice!

The Cincinnati Enquirer publishes various letters from Ohio and Indiana, to show that the plan of paying off the public debt in "greenbacks," is becoming daily more popular. One letter says: "I tell you that the plan of paying off the debt with what Congress has made the money of the country is one of the iron in the fire the people mean to take care of."

The Washington Chronicle of this morning says: "We learn that the President, in conversation yesterday, unequivocally expressed his intention of removing Sheridan from the command of the 5th military district."

We think Gov. Peirpoint is "speechifying" to no purpose. The Danville Register giving an account of his speech at that place, says, that he affirmed that although there are some extreme radical men among the Republican party, "the large majority of them, and those who control the legislation of Congress, were conservative men!" Did Gov. Peirpoint think his hearers were ignorant of the current history of the day?

The first case of involuntary bankruptcy was taken up on Saturday, in the U. S. District Court, in Richmond, Wilson Schermer & Kohn, of Philadelphia, petitioning creditors, and Joseph Hirsberg, of Richmond, debtor. The respondent denied the acts of bankruptcy charged and waived a jury. The facts were submitted to the court, and the questions arising in the case were argued by counsel.

A dispatch from Richmond, dated yesterday, says that yesterday morning Governor Peirpoint was assaulted, at the Executive Mansion, by Mrs. Driscoll, who was immediately arrested by the police. The assault was made because the Governor pardoned a man who was convicted of killing her son. The Governor was not injured.

Speaking of business depression all over the country, the National Intelligencer contends that "trade will not revive while Radical rule continues; a fair crop of grain will put starvation from our doors is very true; but it will not be sufficient of itself to set in motion the capital, labor, and industries of the country."

Mr. Ould's letter "on the exchange of prisoners," for the present, has struck a sort of "dumbness" among the rampant and vociferous declaimers against the Southern people. This matter of "prisoners of war" has not yet been sufficiently ventilated.

According to a letter from Saratoga, in the New York Home Journal, there must be an extra amount of "Shoddy," at that watering place, this summer—in language, dress and manner. Newport is not full. Shoddy is money—with vulgarity.

We have received the August number of the Farmer, published monthly in Richmond, which contains the usual amount of valuable information for cultivators of the soil, in relation to all departments of Agriculture.

The New Orleans Times remarks, with point, that "the people of the South have accepted the situation, but they want the situation to accept them."

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very up and down of the times."

Advices from Utah indicate that an irrepressible discord has broken out among the Saints, and that the problem of Mormonism will soon solve itself. Large numbers of anti-polygamists have left Utah, bound for Nauvoo, Ill. Brigham Young is being boldly denounced by many of his followers, and the sect is becoming rapidly demoralized.

Letters have been received from Rome in which it is stated that Bishop Rosecrans, of Cincinnati, is to be the successor of the late Bishop Timon, of Buffalo. Rochester, with the counties of Livingston, Steuben, Ontario and Monroe, will be created a separate diocese, with Rev. William Gleason as the first Bishop.

Many of the white citizens of the South who were formerly in favor of reorganizing their respective States under the Military bill are now said to be changing their opinions in regard to the matter. In Georgia the anti-convention feeling is becoming more popular.

Mr. Romero, the Mexican minister, "respectfully declines," for the present, the suggestion made to him, by Mr. A. Watson, of Washington, for making a treaty with the U. S. "for mutual protection against invasion and rebellion."

A despatch from Ellsworth, Kansas, three miles from Fort Harker, says fifteen cases of cholera occurred there on Saturday, and five deaths. The town is almost deserted, and an Indian raid is expected.

A gentleman from New Orleans states that when he left it was known that General Sheridan had decided to remove Governor Throckmorton, of Texas, and appoint Mr. A. J. Hamilton in his stead.

The New York Commercial Advertiser is informed that several New England manufacturers have united in a project to import several thousand coolies to do the kasar work of the factories.

The mortality from cholera in Memphis, Tennessee, is said to be fifty a day. Considerable cholera is also reported on the alluvial lands of the Lower Mississippi Valley.

More than a million of dollars have been lost by fires, the work of incendiaries, at Concord, New Hampshire, within the past few days.

The Mobile Register states that a large number of Southerners in Alabama and Mississippi intend to remove to Brazil in the autumn.

John M. Binkley, Assistant Attorney General, will discharge the duties of Attorney General during the absence of Mr. Stanbery.

It is reported from Fort Union, New Mexico, that the Navajo Indians are about going on the war-path.

The disfranchisement of 50,000 Conservatives renders a Radical triumph morally certain in Tennessee.

Five deaths from yellow fever and seventeen from cholera occurred, last week, in New Orleans.

Several cases of "sporadic" cholera, in New York, are reported.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.—A question has been raised as to eligibility of a majority of the members of the Common Council to seats in that body.

It is proposed to have a summer resort at the Little Falls, three miles from Georgetown, and to extend the Washington and Georgetown Railroad, to that point.

Mr. E. C. Morgan, a lawyer, and Mr. Eburn Bird, Lumber Inspector, died recently.

A young lady, one of the employees of the Currency Bureau of the Treasury Department, was, on Saturday morning, attacked with spasms or fits, and continued in a state of delirium throughout the entire day. The spasms were brought on, it is stated, by tight lacing, which has reduced the dimensions of her naturally small waist to the size of an hourglass.

THE BOB-O-LINK.—The gay young rascal, the Bob-o-link, is in his glory just now—in the high tide of his musical dissipation.

## LETTER FROM LOUDOUN COUNTY.

We take the liberty of copying the following extract of a letter from a valued friend in Loudoun county, because we are proud to receive commendation from such a worthy source—"the honored son of an honored father"—from one who has gone through the ordeal that has tried men's souls, bearing through life the remembrance and the evidence of his own faith in the honesty of the cause he espoused, however unfortunate it has been, and however distressing it has terminated—not again to be revived by the trial of arms:

"Allow me to express my admiration of your manly and patriotic sentiments published under the very shadow of the Federal capital, nobly contrasting with the miserable time-serving policy of some other Southern journals. Your article on the old Virginia gentleman was itself, worth the year's subscription to the Gazette."

We have been stripped of every political right, except the precious privilege of paying taxes to the government in which we are represented; but we may still cherish our love for those true principles of liberty, which you advocate, and which have been temporarily swept away by the tides of fanaticism; and fondly hope for their re-establishment in our once happy country. Let us rather hold these rights, so dear to freemen, untarnished among the proud recollections of the past, peaceably bearing all things imposed upon us by the powers that be; but voluntarily consenting to no self-imposed degradation; instead of co-operating with the leaders of a party who have brought upon us so much woe, and would require of us so much self-abnegation, and whose continued ascendancy must prove utterly subversive of the prosperity and happiness of the people of the States—Northern and Southern. If we are true to ourselves, a change in Northern sentiment may come before very long. — We can, at least, in the meantime, preserve our own self-respect; and if the Radicals will insist on relieving us from all responsibility in the government, we can address ourselves entirely to home matters, strive to aid in improving our material interests, and keep up as far as possible the manners and customs of our Virginia forefathers."

## Letter from Middleburg, Va.

(Correspondence of Richmond Dispatch.)  
MIDDLEBURG, July 27, 1867.—This is one of the prettiest, healthiest, pleasantest villages in Virginia. We have delightful society, and you can get board at an excellent boarding-house or at the hotel (a good one) for twenty dollars a month.

The Piedmont Convention has been in session here. Rev. Messrs. Perkins, Dudley, Aldrich, and McGill, are assisting Mr. Kinsolving. Mr. Kinsolving has received a call to Halifax Courthouse.

Rev. T. U. Dudley leaves in a day or two on a temporary visit to Harrisonburg, and will, after September, reside there permanently.

Bishop Wilmer is expected here shortly, to spend a few days with his friends. We are also promised a visit from the great Methodist orator Rev. Mr. Munsey.

Hon. J. R. Tucker returned home on Tuesday last, after a protracted sojourn in Philadelphia and at various courts. He is looking unusually well, having gained many pounds avoirdupois during his absence.

A fine wheat crop has been harvested; oats promise well, and so does the corn; while the yield of grass is unprecedented. Nature is so bountiful her harvests, and the farmers so thrifty, that with the exception of the burnt barns all traces of the war have been obliterated.

A few years hence the grape crop will be one of the most important in this immediate vicinity. Quite a number of gentlemen are going largely into the business, and Captain Ott, formerly of the Bavarian service, who is thoroughly versed in the manufacture of wine, will make Middleburg his home, and have general superintendence of the neighboring vineyards.

Much attention is now paid to sheep raising, and with good reason. At the close of the year a gentleman here bought 1,000 Merino sheep on credit. At the end of the first year his sales of wool and sheep paid not only for the original outlay, but left him 750 sheep in hand—equivalent to \$4,000 in money. Sheep have to be fed here only a few weeks—seldom more than a month during the winter; whereas in the North they have to be fed four or five months.

While the whites are in the majority, it is conceded, I believe, that the Radicals and the colored people will carry the county. I am not familiar with the opinions of the people, but a gentleman who is, tells me that he does not know a man who is in favor of "co-operation." Apparently, our people care little about politics. They are neither "Passives" nor "Peskysists." "Do-nothings," "Do-bods," but industrious, patient growers of grass.

SPRATT'S TRIAL.—The attendance was yesterday, much smaller than usual, owing, in part, to the withdrawal of the old passes and the limitation to the issue of new ones, and in part to the rain which fell at the opening of the court. Among the auditors, however, were several ladies who have been regular attendants since the beginning of the trial. Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, the authoress, occupied her accustomed seat within the bar. She seemed to take a lively interest in the proceedings, and, it is said, proposes one day to weave the facts into a lively story. Mr. Carrington, the U. S. District Attorney, continued his speech, for the prosecution, and in examination of the evidence, until 3 o'clock, p. m., when the court adjourned until to-day. Mr. Carrington will resume his argument.

FROM EUROPE.—The Paris Monitor of yesterday declared that the rumors of war which now prevail on the continent are without foundation. It says the existing relations of France with all European powers are eminently peaceful. It denies that the formation of new military camps is contemplated, and says the reserves of artillery and cavalry horses are to be sold to the farmers in the department.

The London Times is of the opinion that the alarm created by these warlike rumors will have the effect to check trade generally, and until next spring.

It is denied that the Hungarian national military organization, known as the National Guard, is to be re-established.

NEW MILITARY ORDER.—An order will shortly be issued by General Schofield directing the "Boards of Registration to reconvene at the earliest possible moment, after giving the ten days notice specified in the former order, with a view to complete registration. Sub-district commanders and all military commissioners will be empowered to act as Presidents of Boards of Registration.

Where officers become vacant, sub-district commanders who are qualified and who can take the oath of each.

Judicial recommendations will have to be forwarded to the Governor for his endorsement. All others sent direct to military headquarters. — Richmond Enquirer.

CALIFORNIA POLITICS.—There is a division of the Republican party in California into "long hairs" and "short hairs." There are now two Republican tickets in the field in California. John Bidwell, lately member of Congress, being at the head of the ticket chosen by the "long hairs," and Mr. Gorman heading that nominated by the "short hairs."

## The Radical Coalition Convention.

The all-absorbing topic of conversation in Richmond for the past few days has been the "Convention," called to meet on Thursday next. As the time approaches, the public mind seems to be more interested on the subject.

A large number of delegates have already arrived in the city, and caucuses and "John pulling" are the order of the day. Hon. John B.otts is here in his capacity as foreman of the grand jury of the United States Circuit Court, nearly every member of the Radical State Central Committee is present, and meetings are regularly held at rooms in the hotels. "Some of the leaders" in the "All-American" or "co-operation" movement, among whom are several members of the State Senate and House of Delegates, are also on hand. Harriet is actively engaged in laying his plans.

From the present prospect and the matters which escape from the Radicals' grasp we are led to believe that permanent unanimity is not likely to prevail. This trouble it was expected would come of an attempt on the part of many delegates from the country to make it a strictly a convention representing the different counties and cities, according to population, and thus acting and voting, while another portion of the party, generally alleged to be led by Harriet, pronounced it nothing more nor less than a "mass" meeting or convention, to which everybody is invited, and wherein things are to be done in the "mass."

Quite a large number of the respectable white Republicans oppose the mass convention, and urge that all who now in good faith desire to come in should be admitted, whatever may have been their political opinions in the past. Should they insist upon this course Harriet avows his intention to count the Richmond crowd, and thus have a mass convention after his own heart, and exclude the "co-operation"ists from all participation in the deliberations. — Richmond Dispatch.

FROM HAVANA.—Despatches from Havana to the 25th instant state that the Spanish steamer Ciudad Conchal, from Havana to St. Paul, was wrecked on the 12th instant with seventy-nine persons on board. Only fourteen are known to be saved. Refugees state that Santa Anna is still a prisoner. One hundred and twenty deaths from yellow fever occurred in Havana during June. The steamer Nava, with the submarine cable, has arrived off Havana, and the laying of it will be completed about the 1th of August.

FROM MEXICO.—A San Luis special of the 15th states that Viduary was shot in the St. Domingo Square, in the city of Mexico.

The generals arrested at Queretaro will be sent to their respective States for trial. The "Liberal" Government has decided that all Imperial Prefects shall be exiled for six years, and the Secretaries for two years.

GENERAL FREMONT, who since the war has been indefatigable in exertions for the advancement of commercial advantages in the South is the leading spirit of the combination formed, which has for its primary object the connection by rail of Norfolk with Guaymas on the Gulf of California, the latter being on the other shore of the continent as Norfolk on this, a harbor possessing every natural advantage. The line from Memphis is to be formed by extension of the Union Pacific road, passing through Northern Texas, and the Mexican territories already mentioned, to Guaymas, to a junction with the Little Rock and El Paso road already in process of construction. Then comes the Memphis and Little Rock line, owned by General Fremont, and within forty miles of completion, and there terminus of the line, and in less a gap only of four hundred unfilled. — Pittsburgh Express.

BAGGAGE OF A FASHIONABLE LADY.—The question has been frequently asked, how much room a fashionable woman requires to pack away her dresses and garments to make a summer tour to the watering places. This has never been satisfactorily determined, but a young lady arrived in this city from New York this morning, on her way, probably, to the White Mountains, who had seven large trunks and two good sized boxes, in addition to her reticule, parasol, &c. She occupied a seat all alone in one of the stage coaches during her trip across the city, and the rack and roof of the coach were completely filled with her paraphernalia. — Boston Traveller.

## [COMMUNICATED.]

ALEXANDRIA COLORED SCHOOLS.—An account of an exhibition given at Liberty Hall, of the colored children who have been educated during the winter in the Alexandria freed schools has been published. Already the friends of the schools have required and received an apology from the Superintendent, upon the occasion of another exhibition, and it appears that a second one will now be required by the teachers who are absent, recruiting for a winter of arduous labor among the freed children in this city.

The only teacher represented in this last exhibition is a cousin of the Superintendent, Miss Orton, who thus claims the credit of the whole training exhibited. Are the absent teachers, Miss Brown, Miss Fales, Miss Hall, Miss Jones, Miss Dennis, and Miss Hawley to be rewarded for a winter of devoted labor, by thus having the result of their efforts paraded without receiving any credit for their admirable training. We think that simple justice requires that the scholars, prepared by these absent ladies, should be mentioned, that they may receive the praise they have fairly earned, by a winter of careful teaching.

## MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, July 30.—The market, this morning, exhibited a little more activity, although we have no advance to note in prices. Flour is quiet and unchanged. The offerings of Wheat reached only about 2000 bushels, most of which was inferior and gaily. We note sales at 230, 235 and 245 for red, and 190, 210, 220 and 225 for white. About 2500 bushels Corn changed hands at 100 and 105 for mixed, and 108 for white. Small sales of Rye at 125. Oats continue to decline, and the sales this morning were at 20 and 25 for prime.

BALTIMORE MARKET, July 29.—Prices of flour are without notable change. Oats are brisk and 5c higher for good new crop; corn is also active at Saturday's figures.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.—In alluding to the easy condition of the money market, the New York Tribune says there is as yet no demand for currency from the West, but there are indications of preparations by Western bankers for the crop movement. This is now shown by the conversion of Government stocks into money which is placed to the credit of Western banks. The most experienced bankers in New York are hoping to find funds under immediate control, and are less interested than for securities.

There was considerable activity in financial circles yesterday, notwithstanding "everybody is out of town." Gold advanced to 140 at the close, having sold at 140 in the forenoon.

## MARINE LIST.

## PORT OF ALEXANDRIA—JULY 30.

## ARRIVED.

Steamer E. C. Knight, Denty, New York, to H. C. Winship.  
Schr. Fountain, Bennett, Fall River, to W. A. Moore.  
Schr. Edward, Jones, Norfolk, shingles, to Smoot & Perry.  
Schr. Eleanor T. Pooks, Richmond, lumber to George Sexton.

## JUDICIAL SALE OF A VALUABLE FARM IN CULPEPER.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Culpeper, pronounced on the 5th day of June, 1867, in the case of "Simont vs. Brandt's Administrators, &c.," the undersigned, Commissioner appointed for the purpose, will, on MONDAY, the 2nd day of September, 1867, if fair, if not on the next fair day, sell, at the house of the public auction, to the highest bidder, that well known and beautiful farm called "BRANDT'S WINE," formerly owned by Daniel F. Slaughter, and by him sold to Dr. Logan Brandt, containing THREE HUNDRED AND THIRTY SIX AND THREE-FOURTH ACRES, of the same, more or less.

This farm, adjoining the lands of Rev. Philip Slaughter, Wm. Major, Mrs. Catherine Crittendon, and others; has a beautiful meadow at the foot of "Slaughter's Mountain." Has on it a young and vigorous ORCHARD, a well watered and finely adapted to the growth of grass and all the cereals; it is in the midst of a fertile soil; about 10 miles from Mitchell's Station, on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, about six miles from Culpeper Court House, and is one of the most desirable farms in this section of the country.

TERMS.—So much of the purchase money as may be necessary to defray the expenses of the suit, and the expenses of making this sale, must be paid down in cash; for the residue a credit of two, three and four years will be given, the purchaser giving bond, with good security, with interest on the date, and the title to be withheld till all the purchase money shall have been paid.

Under this decree the Commissioner is authorized to sell either publicly or privately, and the purchaser may, at his option, pay down in cash the whole of the purchase money.

HENRY SHACKLEFORD, Commissioner, Culpeper Co., Va. 2045.

## COMFORTABLE FRAME DWELLING, SOUTHEAST CORNER OF QUEEN AND ALFRED STREETS, AT AUCTION.

The above at present occupied by ——— El. Hot, having a front of 16 ft. 6 in., on Queen, and running back 100 feet on Alfred, to an alley, will be offered for sale, in front of the Mayor's Office, on THURSDAY, August 1, at 12 m.

TERMS.—One-half cash; the remainder in 4 months, with interest, secured by lien on lot. Conveyancing at cost of purchaser. J. B. TAYLOR, S. FERGUSON BEACH, Trustees, July 30—1m.

## JUST RECEIVED.

Bickel's Keystone Cider Mills.  
Hutchinson's Family Cider Mills.  
Ingels's Improved Hand and Horse Power Hay Presses.  
Montgomery's Improved Rockaway Wheat Fans. No. 25 King st., bet. Water & Union, July 30—1m.

## FOR RENT.—The three story BRICK STORE AND WAREHOUSE, No. 3, Prince Street, Possession given immediately. Apply to L. B. TAYLOR, July 30—1m.

## STEARINE SOAP, GARRATT'S SCOTCH SNUFF, AND GROUND COFFEE.

10 boxes Stearine Soap.  
3 do and 600s Garrett's 2nd quality Scotch Snuff, 250 lbs Ground Coffee, just received and for sale by  
A. J. FLEMING, No. 9, King street, July 30—1m.

CLASIA—A case of recent importation; 3 cases Concentrated Lye; fresh and genuine Castile Soap; 5 ounces Sulphate Morphine; 10 pounds Iodine; 500 lbs pure concentrated Potash; 50 cases Hones & Stevens' Dyes; a full supply of Sulphated Quinine; also of Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Paints and Oils, &c., &c., all of which I am offering for sale on the most accommodating terms.  
J. HENRY COOK, 33 and 220, King st.

## W O O L ! JACOB RAMSBURG &amp; SONS, (Late Ramsburg &amp; Bantz.)

GEORGETOWN, D. C.  
Desire to purchase DOMESTIC WOOL of all grades, for which they will pay full current rates. Farmers and country dealers are invited to open correspondence with them. SUMAC WANTED. Georgetown, Va. 27-3m.

## NEW TRIMMINGS.

Another supply of BUGLE TRIMMINGS, RIBBON, DRESS TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS, of all the latest styles; Gimpure Laces, also, a large supply of Silk, Linn and Palm Leaf Fans, all of which will be sold at prices to suit the times, at  
C. C. BERRY'S, 72, King st.

NOTICE.—CERTIFICATE No. 515, for two shares in the capital stock of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad Company, issued in the name of Reuben Newman, on the 20th of May, 1864, have been lost or destroyed. I shall apply to the directors of said company for a renewal of said certificate through  
J. B. TAYLOR, GWIN & BECKHAM, 101-102m.

## GENTS' SUSPENDERS, BOYS' SUSPENDERS!

Just received a full line of the above goods, all qualities, at low prices.  
J. B. TAYLOR, CHAS. W. GREEN, 68, King st.

## TURNIP SEED.

Just received a full supply of the different varieties of TURNIP SEED, KALE SEED, WINTER RADISH, SPINACH, &c.  
J. P. BARTHOLOW, July 30—2m. No. 25, King st., Alexandria, Va.

## AUGUSTA SPRINGS ALUM WATER.

Just received, direct from the Springs, two cases Augusta Springs Alum Water, in half-gallon bottles, at \$1 each. Twenty-five cents allowed for the return of the empty bottles.  
J. B. TAYLOR & CO., 101-102m. No. 25, King st., Alexandria, Va.

SOAP.—Dobbin's Electric Welly German Soap, The Pioneer Welly German Soap, Compound Olive, Balm, Monks' & Thomas' Yellow and Brown, and a fine assortment of Toilet soaps, for sale by  
J. B. TAYLOR, 205, King street, July 30—1m.

## 1,000 SACKS LIVERPOOL G. A. SALT.

500 sacks Liverpool fine Salt, in store and to arrive, for sale by  
J. B. TAYLOR, 12-2m. HOGE & WEDDERBURN.

OLIVE AND PALE SOAP.—Just received a lot of Bancroft & Co.'s superior Olive and Pale soaps, celebrated for cleaning, Green, Pink and all colors from clothing, for sale by  
J. B. TAYLOR, 12-2m. A. J. FLEMING, 20, King st.
BARGAINS.—Low Points, Silk Wrappings, Summer Shawls, and all desirable at astonishingly low prices to close out.  
ROBERT L. WOOD, Corner King and Fairfax streets.

## THOMASTON LIME.

100 sacks fresh THOMASTON LIME, for sale by  
J. B. TAYLOR, LEWIS MCKENZIE, 13, Union street.

FISH! FISH!—Codfish, No. 1 Mackerel, H. Shad, Potomac and Scotch Herring, for sale by  
J. B. TAYLOR, 204, King st.
SUGAR-CURED HAMS, of best brands, for sale by  
J. B. TAYLOR, 12-2m. J. C. MILBURN.
MOSQUITO NETTING, with the most improved fixtures, just received by  
J. B. TAYLOR, 12-2m. J. P. CLARKE.
300 BUSHELS WHITE SAND, for sale by  
J. B. TAYLOR, 12-2m. SMOOT & PERRY, Corner Union and Cameron sts.
DOG WOOD JEWELRY of the latest styles, just received at  
J. B. TAYLOR, 12-2m. C. C. BERRY'S, 72, King street.
SUGAR—50 lbs A and B Refined Brown Sugar, just received and for sale by  
J. B. TAYLOR, 12-2m. ANDREW J. FLEMING.
SEAGRAPE—Choice Havana and common Seagrapes, for sale by  
J. B. TAYLOR, 12-2m. LOOMIS & FACER.

## COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

T. T. GWIN, J. T. BECKHAM, Formerly of Gwin & Son, Culpeper, Va., 2, L. TAYLOR, Maryland, GWIN, BECKHAM & CO.

## COMMISSION, GROCERY AND FEED MERCHANTS.

No. 23, King street, ALEXANDRIA, VA. ANDREW J. FLEMING, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 9, King street, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

## Sole agents for the purchase of supplies, and produce, to give the best attention to any business entrusted to him, and to make prompt returns.

J. L. A. K. R. S. GROCER FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, No.